STORM WATER CALCULATIONS

FOR

No. 113 NORTH AVENUE WEST LOT 6, BLOCK 183 TOWNSHIP OF CRANFORD, UNION COUNTY NEW JERSEY

PREPARED: JUNE 02, 2022 REVISED: MAY 24, 2023



HARBOR CONSULTANTS ENGINEERS & LAND SURVEYORS

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Project Number 2021038

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INTRODUCTION

This report prepared by Harbor Consultants, provides storm water management and drainage information related to a proposed site plan within the Township of Cranford, Union County, New Jersey. The subject property is known as Lot 6 in Block 183 as shown on the Tax Map of Township of Cranford. The project is located at No. 113 North Avenue West. The overall property contains about 9,250 s.f. (0.212 acres) and the area of disturbance for this project is 10,044 s.f. (0.23 acres), (less than one acre). Therefore, this application is not considered a major development as defined by the New Jersey Department of Environment Protection. The applicant proposes to construct an addition to an existing 1-1/2 story building turning it into a 3 story building, with an office on the first floor and residential apartment units on the second and third floors with 11 parking spaces in the rear of the building.

SOILS

According to NRCS/USDA's Soil Survey of Union County, soils in the area are identified as UR Urban Land and hydrologic soil group classified as D.

The runoff coefficients utilized in calculations correspond to table 7.1 Typical Runoff coefficients (c Values) per N.J.A.C. 5:21-7.2 and specified as follows:

- Open Space, Lawn Area (good condition) c=0.51
- Impervious Surfaces c=0.99

The time of concentration used to calculate hydrographs in minutes per minimum. Stormwater runoff peaks have been calculated using Rational Method iterations for the 2, 10- and 100-year storm events. The underground detention system consists of 50 L.F. of 24" Perforated HDPE pipe @ 0% (roof drains to connect to system) surrounded by a stone bed with a proposed storage volume of 374.00 cu.ft.



PRE & POST DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS & RUNOFF ANALYSIS

Project Number 2021038



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PROJECT: No. 113 North Avenue West Township of Cranford, Union Co, NJ

PROJECT	NO. :	2021038

DATE: 5/3/2023

EXISTING CONDITIONS

DRAINAGE BASIN AREA =

0.212 Acres

COEFFICIENT OF RUNOFF:

	AREA (Ac,)	С	CA (Ac.)
Grass	0.075	0.51	0.04
Impervious Area	0.137	0.99	0.14
Other			0.00
Total	0.212		0.18
		Weighted C	0.848

TIME OF CONCENTRATION =

10.00 Minutes

RUNOFF:

FREQUENCY	CA (Ac.)	l (in./hr.)	Q (cfs)
2 Yr.	0.18	3.82	0.69
10 Yr.	0.18	5.03	0.91
100 Yr.	0.18	6.47	1.16

RSIS RELEASE RATES:

FREQUENCY	EXISTING	RSIS LIMIT	Q (cfs)
2 Yr.	0.69	0.50	0.34
10 Yr.	0.91	0.75	0.68
100 Yr.	1.16	0.80	0.93



RATI	ONAL	METI	HOD

PROJECT: No. 113 North Avenue West Township of Cranford, Union Co, NJ

PROJECT	NO. :	2021038

DATE: 5/3

5/3/2023

PROPOSED CONDITIONS

DRAINAGE BASIN AREA =

0.212 Acres

COEFFICIENT OF RUNOFF:

	AREA (Ac,)	С	CA (Ac.)
Grass	0.037	0.51	0.02
Impervious Area	0.175	0.99	0.17
Other			0.00
Total	0.212		0.19
		Weighted C	0.895

TIME OF CONCENTRATION =

10.00 Minutes

RUNOFF:

FREQUENCY	CA (Ac.)	I (in./hr.)	Q (cfs)
2 Yr.	0.19	3.82	0.726
10 Yr.	0.19	5.03	0.956
100 Yr.	0.19	6.47	1.229



MODIFIED RATIONAL ANALYSIS PROPOSED CONDITIONS

PROJECT: No. 11 Towns	3 North Avenue West ship of Cranford, Unio	n Co, NJ	PROJECT NO. :	2021038	
			DATE:	5/3/2023	
Allowable Releas	e Rate (cfs) =	0.34		2 YEAR STORM	
Postdevelopr	nent CA =	0.19		DETENTION SYST	EM
Time	Rainfall	Peak	Runoff	Release	Required
Interval	Intensity	Runoff	Volume	Volume	Storage
<u>(Min.)</u>	<u>(in./hr.)</u>	<u>(cfs)</u>	<u>(cu. ft.)</u>	<u>(cu. ft.)</u>	<u>(cu. ft.)</u>
5.00	5.50	1.05	313.50	103.14	210.36
6.00	5.30	1.01	362.52	123.77	238.75
7.00	5.20	0.99	414.96	144.40	270.56
8.00	5.00	0.95	456.00	165.02	290.98
9.00	4.80	0.91	492.48	185.65	306.83
10.00	4.50	0.86	513.00	206.28	306.72
15.00	3.70	0.70	632.70	309.42	323.28
20.00	3.20	0.61	729.60	412.56	317.04
30.00	2.60	0.49	889.20	618.84	270.36
40.00	2.10	0.40	957.60	825.12	132.48
50.00	1.80	0.34	1026.00	1031.40	-5.40
60.00	1.60	0.30	1094.40	1237.68	-143.28



MODIFIED RATIONAL ANALYSIS PROPOSED CONDITIONS

PROJECT: No. 11 Town:	3 North Avenue West ship of Cranford, Unio	n Co, NJ	PROJECT NO. :	2021038	
			DATE:	5/3/2023	
Allowable Releas	e Rate (cfs) =	0.68		10 YEAR STORM	
Postdevelopr	nent CA =	0.19		DETENTION SYST	EM
Time	Rainfall	Peak	Runoff	Release	Required
Interval	Intensity	Runoff	Volume	Volume	Storage
<u>(Min.)</u>	<u>(in./hr.)</u>	<u>(cfs)</u>	<u>(cu. ft.)</u>	<u>(cu. ft.)</u>	<u>(cu. ft.)</u>
5.00	6.80	1.29	387.60	203.72	183.89
6.00	6.70	1.27	458.28	244.46	213.82
7.00	6.50	1.24	518.70	285.20	233.50
8.00	6.30	1.20	574.56	325.94	248.62
9.00	6.00	1.14	615.60	366.69	248.91
10.00	5.90	1.12	672.60	407.43	265.17
15.00	4.90	0.93	837.90	611.15	226.76
20.00	4.20	0.80	957.60	814.86	142.74
30.00	3.20	0.61	1094.40	1222.29	-127.89
40.00	2.80	0.53	1276.80	1629.72	-352.92
50.00	2.30	0.44	1311.00	2037.15	-726.15
60.00	2.00	0.38	1368.00	2444.58	-1076.58



MODIFIED RATIONAL ANALYSIS PROPOSED CONDITIONS

	2021038 5/3/2023	PROJECT NO. : DATE:	∍st nion Co, NJ	lo. 113 North Avenue W ownship of Cranford, L	PROJECT:
	100 YEAR STORM		0.93	elease Rate (cfs) =	Allowable F
м	DETENTION SYSTE		0.19	elopment CA =	Postde
Required	Release	Runoff	Peak	Rainfall	Time
Storage	Volume	Volume	Runoff	Intensity	Interval
<u>(cu. ft.)</u>	<u>(cu. ft.)</u>	<u>(cu. ft.)</u>	<u>(cfs)</u>	<u>(in./hr.)</u>	(<u>Min.)</u>
239.20	279.50	518.70	1.73	9.10	5.00
280.20	335.40	615.60	1.71	9.00	0.00
310.93	391.31	702.24	1.07	8.80	7.00
010.07 000.01	447.21	700.00	1.60	0.40	0.00
352.00	503.11	041.32	1.50	0.20 8.00	10.00
341 20	939.51	912.00 1170.00	1.32	6.00	15.00
20/1.39	1118 02	1322 /0	1.31	0.90 5.80	20.00
-138.02	1677.02	1539.00	0.86	5.50 4.50	30.00
-503.23	2236.03	1732.80	0.00	4.90 3.80	40.00
-971 04	2795.04	1824.00	0.61	3 20	50.00
-1438.85	3354.05	1915.20	0.53	2.80	60.00







National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



Legend

74°18'47"W 40°39'33"N SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) Zone A. V. A9 With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR SPECIAL FLOOD Zone ΔF HAZARD AREAS **Regulatory Floodway** 8 0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X Zone AE Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Zone X 7 Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee. See Notes. Zone X OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D FLOODWAY 34039C0021F eff. 9/20/2006 Zone AE NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X Effective LOMRs OTHER AREAS Zone AE Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D - — – – Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer GENERAL STRUCTURES LIIII Levee, Dike, or Floodwall 20.2 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance 17.5 Water Surface Elevation **Coastal Transect** $^{\circ}$ Mase Flood Elevation Line (BFE) Limit of Study AREA OF MINIMAL FLOOD HAZARD Township of Cranford Jurisdiction Boundary Zone > --- Coastal Transect Baseline 345291 OTHER **Profile Baseline** FEATURES Hydrographic Feature **Digital Data Available** 61 FEL No Digital Data Available MAP PANELS Unmapped LOOT 73.11FEET The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent ZT3 FEET an authoritative property location. 34039C0032F eff. 9/20/2006 This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of T3 FEED digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards Zone AE The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 5/4/2021 at 9:20 AM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time. This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for 74°18'10"W 40°39'6"N Feet 1:6.000 unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes. 250 500 1,000 1,500 2.000

Basemap: USGS National Map: Orthoimagery: Data refreshed October, 2020

Custom Soil Resource Report



	MAP L	EGEND		MAP INFORMATION			
Area of Int	Area of Interest (AOI)		Spoil Area	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at			
	Area of Interest (AOI)	۵	Stony Spot	1:24,000.			
Soils		m	Very Stony Spot	Warning: Sail Man may not be valid at this scale			
	Soil Map Unit Polygons	99 19	Wet Spot	Warning. Soli Map may not be valid at this scale.			
~	Soil Map Unit Lines	A N	Other	Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause			
	Soil Map Unit Points		Special Line Features	misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of			
Special	Special Point Features		tures	contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed			
ం	Blowout	water rea	Streams and Canals	scale.			
X	Borrow Pit	Transport	ation	Please rely on the har scale on each man sheet for man			
莱	Clay Spot		Rails	measurements.			
\diamond	Closed Depression	~	Interstate Highways				
X	Gravel Pit	~	US Routes	Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:			
0 0 0	Gravelly Spot	~	Major Roads	Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)			
0	Landfill	-	Local Roads	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator			
Α.	Lava Flow	Backgrou	nd	projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts			
عليه	Marsh or swamp	Bal	Aerial Photography	distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more			
~	Mine or Quarry			accurate calculations of distance or area are required.			
0	Miscellaneous Water			This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as			
õ	Perennial Water			of the version date(s) listed below.			
Š	Rock Outcrop			Soil Survey Areas - Union County New Jorsey			
Ļ	Saline Spot			Survey Area Data: Version 15, Aug 31, 2021			
°.°	Sandv Spot						
	Severely Froded Spot			Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.			
-	Sinkhole						
~	Slide or Slip			Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 14, 2020—Oct 3, 2020			
\$							
Ø	Sourc Spot			The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.			

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol Map Unit Name		Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI	
HatB	Haledon-Urban land-Hasbrouck complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes	0.4	22.0%	
UR	Urban land	1.4	78.0%	
Totals for Area of Interest		1.8	100.0%	

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however,

onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Union County, New Jersey

HatB—Haledon-Urban land-Hasbrouck complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: b0tt Elevation: 50 to 500 feet Mean annual precipitation: 30 to 64 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 79 degrees F Frost-free period: 131 to 178 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Haledon and similar soils: 45 percent Urban land: 25 percent Hasbrouck and similar soils: 15 percent Minor components: 15 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Haledon

Setting

Landform: Ground moraines Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Coarse-loamy basal till derived from basalt

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 9 inches: loam Bt - 9 to 28 inches: silt loam Bx - 28 to 44 inches: sandy loam C - 44 to 60 inches: gravelly loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 8 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 24 to 36 inches to fragipan
Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained
Runoff class: Very high
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.60 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 6 to 18 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 5.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3w Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: F144AY037MA - Moist Dense Till Uplands Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Urban Land

Setting

Landform: Ground moraines

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex

Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Surface covered by pavement, concrete, buildings, and other structures underlain by disturbed and natural soil material

Typical profile

C - 0 to 60 inches: variable

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8s Hydric soil rating: Unranked

Description of Hasbrouck

Setting

Landform: Depressions, flood plains Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope Down-slope shape: Concave, linear Across-slope shape: Concave, linear Parent material: Fine-loamy eroded and redeposited glacial material over glacial till

Typical profile

Oa - 0 to 2 inches: highly decomposed plant material *A - 2 to 12 inches:* silt loam *Eg - 12 to 18 inches:* sandy loam *Btg1 - 18 to 26 inches:* loam *Btg2 - 26 to 32 inches:* clay loam *Bx - 32 to 54 inches:* loam *C - 54 to 62 inches:* loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 18 to 36 inches to fragipan
Drainage class: Poorly drained
Runoff class: Very high
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately high (0.00 to 0.20 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 0 to 6 inches
Frequency of flooding: Rare
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 6.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4w Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D Ecological site: F144AY009CT - Wet Till Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

Minor Components

Udorthents, haledon substratum

Percent of map unit: 10 percent Landform: Ground moraines Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread *Down-slope shape:* Linear *Across-slope shape:* Convex *Hydric soil rating:* No

Boonton

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Ground moraines Landform position (three-dimensional): Upper third of mountainflank, center third of mountainflank Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

UR—Urban land

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: b0vf Elevation: 0 to 170 feet Mean annual precipitation: 30 to 64 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 79 degrees F Frost-free period: 131 to 178 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Urban land: 95 percent *Minor components:* 5 percent *Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

Description of Urban Land

Setting

Parent material: Surface covered by pavement, concrete, buildings, and other structures underlain by disturbed and natural soil material

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8s Hydric soil rating: Unranked

Minor Components

Udorthents

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Low hills Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No



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or other approved methods may be employed.

TABLE 7.1 TYPICAL RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS (C VALUES) FOR 100-YEAR FREQUENCY STORM

		HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP				
LAND-USE DESCRIPTION	А	в	с	D		
Cultivated land: without conservation treatment with conservation treatment	0.49 0.27	0.67 0.43	0.81 0.61	0.88 0.67		
Pasture or range land: poor condition good condition	0.38 NA	0.63 0.25	0.78 0.51	0.84 0.65		
Meadow: good condition	NA	NA	0.44	0.61		
Wood or forest land: thin stand, poor cover, no mulch good cover	NA NA	NA NA	0.59 0.45	0.79 0.59		
Open spaces, lawns, parks, golf courses, cemeteries: good condition, grass cover on 75% or more of area fair condition, grass cover on 50-75% of area	NA NA	0.25 0.45	0.51 0.63	0.65 0.74		
Commercial and business areas (85% impervious)	0.84	0.90	0.93	0.96		
Industrial districts (72% impervious)	0.67	0.81	0.88	0.92		
Average lot sizeAverage impervious1/8 acre65%1/4 acre38%1/3 acre30%1/2 acre25%1 acre20%	0.59 0.25 NA NA NA	0.76 0.55 0.49 0.45 0.41	0.86 0.70 0.67 0.65 0.63	0.90 0.80 0.78 0.76 0.74		
Paved parking lots, roofs, driveways, etc.	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99		
Streets and roads: paved with curbs and storm sewers gravel dirt	0.99 0.57 0.49	0.99 0.76 0.69	0.99 0.84 0.80	0.99 0.88 0.84		
NOTE: NA denotes information is not available; design engineers should rely on another authoritative source. SOURCE: Technical Manual for Land Use Regulation Program, Department of Environmental Protection, Bureaus of Inland and Coastal Regulations, Stream Encroachment Permits (Trenton, New Jersey, revised September)						



FIGURE 7.2 RAINFALL INTENSITY CURVES

Note: Adapted from Figure 2.1-2 in the NJDEP Technical Manual for Stream Encroachment Permits.

Figure 7.1

TIME OF CONCENTRATION



Notes:

Use Nomograph T_c for natural basins with well-defined channels, for overland or bare earth, and for mowed grass roadside channels.

For overland flow, grassed surfaces, multiply T_c by 2.

For overland flow, concrete or asphalt surfaces, multiply T_c by 0.4.

For concrete channels, multiply T_c by 0.2 overland flow.

Based on a study by P.Z. Kirpich, Civil Engineering, Vol.10, No.6, June 1940, p. 362.



NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 2, Version 3 Location name: Cranford, New Jersey, USA* Latitude: 40.6554°, Longitude: -74.3079° Elevation: 77.66 ft** * source: ESRI Maps ** source: USGS



POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

G.M. Bonnin, D. Martin, B. Lin, T. Parzybok, M.Yekta, and D. Riley

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

PF_tabular | PF_graphical | Maps_&_aerials

PF tabular

PDS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches/hour) ¹										
Duration	Average recurrence interval (years)									
Duration	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	4.02 (3.67-4.40)	4.78 (4.38-5.24)	5.66 (5.16-6.22)	6.29 (5.72-6.90)	7.07 (6.41-7.74)	7.61 (6.86-8.33)	8.14 (7.31-8.92)	8.62 (7.69-9.46)	9.22 (8.15-10.1)	9.65 (8.47-10.6)
10-min	3.20	3.82	4.54	5.03	5.63	6.05	6.47	6.83	7.29	7.60
	(2.93-3.52)	(3.50-4.20)	(4.13-4.97)	(4.58-5.52)	(5.10-6.17)	(5.47-6.64)	(5.81-7.09)	(6.10-7.49)	(6.44-8.02)	(6.67-8.38)
15-min	2.67 (2.44-2.94)	3.20 (2.93-3.52)	3.82 (3.48-4.20)	4.24 (3.86-4.66)	4.76 (4.31-5.21)	5.11 (4.61-5.60)	5.45 (4.89-5.97)	5.74 (5.12-6.30)	6.12 (5.40-6.72)	6.36 (5.58-7.01)
30-min	1.83 (1.68-2.01)	2.21 (2.03-2.43)	2.72 (2.48-2.98)	3.07 (2.80-3.37)	3.52 (3.19-3.86)	3.85 (3.47-4.22)	4.17 (3.75-4.57)	4.47 (3.99-4.91)	4.87 (4.30-5.35)	5.15 (4.52-5.68)
60-min	1.14	1.39	1.74	2.00	2.35	2.61	2.87	3.14	3.49	3.76
	(1.05-1.25)	(1.27-1.52)	(1.59-1.91)	(1.82-2.20)	(2.13-2.57)	(2.35-2.86)	(2.58-3.15)	(2.80-3.44)	(3.09-3.84)	(3.30-4.14)
2-hr	0.698	0.850	1.08	1.26	1.50	1.70	1.91	2.13	2.43	2.68
	(0.634-0.770)	(0.774-0.939)	(0.980-1.19)	(1.14-1.39)	(1.35-1.66)	(1.52-1.88)	(1.70-2.10)	(1.88-2.35)	(2.12-2.69)	(2.31-2.96)
3-hr	0.518	0.632	0.802	0.935	1.12	1.27	1.42	1.59	1.81	1.99
	(0.473-0.574)	(0.576-0.699)	(0.729-0.887)	(0.848-1.03)	(1.01-1.23)	(1.14-1.40)	(1.27-1.57)	(1.40-1.75)	(1.58-2.00)	(1.72-2.20)
6-hr	0.335	0.407	0.515	0.603	0.729	0.834	0.946	1.07	1.24	1.38
	(0.305-0.370)	(0.370-0.449)	(0.467-0.567)	(0.545-0.663)	(0.653-0.800)	(0.743-0.914)	(0.835-1.04)	(0.933-1.17)	(1.07-1.36)	(1.18-1.52)
12-hr	0.206	0.250	0.319	0.376	0.461	0.534	0.613	0.701	0.830	0.941
	(0.188-0.228)	(0.228-0.277)	(0.290-0.352)	(0.341-0.414)	(0.414-0.505)	(0.475-0.583)	(0.539-0.669)	(0.609-0.764)	(0.708-0.905)	(0.790-1.03)
24-hr	0.117	0.142	0.182	0.216	0.268	0.313	0.364	0.420	0.504	0.577
	(0.108-0.127)	(0.131-0.154)	(0.168-0.198)	(0.199-0.235)	(0.245-0.291)	(0.284-0.340)	(0.326-0.395)	(0.372-0.457)	(0.439-0.550)	(0.495-0.632)
2-day	0.069	0.083	0.107	0.126	0.155	0.179	0.206	0.235	0.278	0.315
	(0.063-0.075)	(0.077-0.091)	(0.098-0.117)	(0.115-0.138)	(0.141-0.169)	(0.162-0.195)	(0.184-0.225)	(0.208-0.257)	(0.243-0.306)	(0.271-0.348)
3-day	0.048	0.059	0.075	0.088	0.107	0.124	0.141	0.160	0.188	0.212
	(0.045-0.053)	(0.054-0.064)	(0.069-0.081)	(0.081-0.096)	(0.098-0.117)	(0.112-0.134)	(0.127-0.154)	(0.143-0.175)	(0.165-0.207)	(0.183-0.234)
4-day	0.038	0.046	0.059	0.069	0.083	0.096	0.109	0.123	0.143	0.161
	(0.035-0.042)	(0.043-0.050)	(0.054-0.064)	(0.063-0.075)	(0.076-0.091)	(0.087-0.104)	(0.098-0.118)	(0.110-0.134)	(0.126-0.157)	(0.139-0.177)
7-day	0.026	0.031	0.038	0.045	0.054	0.061	0.069	0.077	0.089	0.099
	(0.024-0.028)	(0.029-0.033)	(0.036-0.042)	(0.041-0.048)	(0.049-0.058)	(0.056-0.066)	(0.062-0.075)	(0.069-0.084)	(0.079-0.098)	(0.087-0.109)
10-day	0.021	0.025	0.030	0.035	0.041	0.046	0.052	0.058	0.066	0.073
	(0.019-0.022)	(0.023-0.027)	(0.028-0.033)	(0.032-0.037)	(0.038-0.044)	(0.043-0.050)	(0.047-0.056)	(0.052-0.063)	(0.059-0.072)	(0.064-0.080)
20-day	0.014	0.017	0.020	0.022	0.026	0.028	0.031	0.034	0.037	0.040
	(0.013-0.015)	(0.016-0.018)	(0.019-0.021)	(0.021-0.024)	(0.024-0.027)	(0.026-0.030)	(0.029-0.033)	(0.031-0.036)	(0.034-0.040)	(0.036-0.044)
30-day	0.012	0.014	0.016	0.018	0.020	0.022	0.023	0.025	0.027	0.029
	(0.011-0.012)	(0.013-0.014)	(0.015-0.017)	(0.017-0.019)	(0.019-0.021)	(0.020-0.023)	(0.022-0.025)	(0.023-0.027)	(0.025-0.029)	(0.027-0.031)
45-day	0.010	0.012	0.013	0.015	0.016	0.018	0.019	0.020	0.022	0.023
	(0.009-0.010)	(0.011-0.012)	(0.013-0.014)	(0.014-0.015)	(0.015-0.017)	(0.017-0.019)	(0.018-0.020)	(0.019-0.021)	(0.020-0.023)	(0.021-0.024)
60-day	0.009 (0.008-0.009)	0.010 (0.010-0.011)	0.012 (0.011-0.012)	0.013 (0.012-0.014)	0.014 (0.014-0.015)	0.015 (0.014-0.016)	0.016 (0.015-0.017)	0.017 (0.016-0.018)	0.018 (0.017-0.019)	0.019 (0.018-0.020)

¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

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PF graphical





Duration						
5-min	2-day					
	— 3-day					
15-min	— 4-day					
	— 7-day					
- 60-min	— 10-day					
— 2-hr	— 20-day					
— 3-hr	— 30-day					
— 6-hr	— 45-day					
- 12-hr	- 60-day					
24-hr						

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Maps & aerials

Small scale terrain



Large scale terrain



Large scale map Hartford Connecticut Waterbury 84 Scranton 87 Bridgeport Long Island New Jersey 80 476 New York New York Allentown dison Reading sburg Trenton +Philadelphia Toms River 100km ersev 60mi Atlantic City

Large scale aerial



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