BLOCK			
BLOOK	<u>LU1</u>		THOI ERT FORMER & ADDREE
105	10		SZUKIS: JOANNA
405	13	106 BORNSIDE AVE	2 COUNTY RD - 519 NEWTON, NJ 07860
			CUCCOLO, JOHN T & MARIANNE
405	5	86 JAMES AVE	86 JAMES AVE
			WHEELER: ROBERT & CARLA
405	4	84 JAMES AVE	84 JAMES AVE
			CRANFORD, NJ 07016
413	3	3-5 NEW ST	5 NEW ST
			CRANFORD, NJ 07016
413	1	95 BURNSIDE AVE	93 BURNSIDE AVE
			CRANFORD, NJ 07016
112	2		PELLINO, CARMINE & ANGELA
415	2	SS BORNSIDE AVE	CRANFORD, NJ 07016
			DR FABIO: PASQUALE & ANITA
405	11	100 BURNSIDE AVE	
			LA BELLA: RONALD P SR & MARIA ELENA
405	16	114 BESLER AVE	114 BESLER AVE
			CRANFORD, NJ 07016 SZCZECH: PATRICK & KIMBERI V A
404	16	91 JAMES AVE	91 JAMES AVE
			CRANFORD, NJ 07016
405	15	108 BESLER AVE	MARMAROU: GEORGE & SARAH 108 BESLER AVF
			CRANFORD, NJ 07016
105	0	OA IAMES AVE	
405	9	94 JAMES AVE	CRANFORD, NJ 07016
			SCHUBERT: WALTER
403	7	112-114 NEW ST	
			JONES, MAXWELL & KAPLAN, EMMA
404	10	115 NEW ST	115 NEW ST
			CRANFORD, NJ 07016
405	14	104 BESLER AVE	104 BESLER AVE
			CRANFORD, NJ 07016
103	1	120 NEW/ ST	TAGLIA: D & M/ALFANO: F/DEITZER: G
403	4	120 NEVV 31	CRANFORD. NJ 07016
to all it			BRYAN: RICHARD / SPENCER:LAUREN
403	5	118 NEW ST	118 NEW ST
			PINHERIRO: JANUARIO & FILDMENA
405	7	90 JAMES AVE	90 JAMES AVE
			CRANFORD, NJ 07016
405	6	88 JAMES AVE	88 JAMES AVE
			CRANFORD, NJ 07016
404	5	125 NEW ST	BUONTEMPO: RICHARD A & MARGARET M 4 CRESCENT PL
	_		CRANFORD, NJ 07016
405			
405	0	92 JAMES AVE	94 JAMES AVE CRANFORD, NJ 07016
			TICE, DANIELA
405	12	102 BURNSIDE AVE	102 BURNSIDE AVE
			FLANAGAN: JOHN C & MARY ANN
404	17	89 JAMES AVE	89 JAMES AVE
			CRANFORD, NJ 07016
404	14	96 BURNSIDE AVE	96 BURNSIDE AVE
			CRANFORD, NJ 07016
403	8	110 NEW ST	CARMEJO, HENRY & CAMEJO, ARMONDO
100	Ū		CRANFORD, NJ 07016
101	-		
404	(	119 NEW ST	CRANFORD NU07016
			OBERGFELL: ANDRE & ANGELA B
404	12	92 BURNSIDE AVE	92 BURNSIDE AVE
			CRANFORD, NJ 07016
403	9	88 BURNSIDE AVE	88 BURNSIDE AVE
			CRANFORD, NJ 07016
405	17	116 BESLER AVE	RIVERA: SANDY & BARBARA A
-00		HO BEOLENAVE	CRANFORD, NJ 07016
	1.2.1.1		ANTHONY JR & LISA K DEVRIES
404	11	111 NEW ST	111 NEW ST
			TOWNSHIP OF CRANFORD
403	6	116 NEW ST	8 SPRINGFIELD AVE
404	13	94 BURNSIDE AVE	D'ANDREA NICHOLAS & NICOLE L 94 BURNSIDE AVE
			CRANFORD, NJ 07016
101	_		LORD: ESTELLE FLYNN
404	9	117 NEW ST	11/ NEW ST CRANFORD NJ 07016
			RENO: LAURENCE
404	18	87 JAMES AVE	87 JAMES AVE
			GRANFORD, NJ 07016 GRYWALSKI, JOHN P/ROFF MC & IM
404	6	123 NEW ST	626 CHESTER AVE
			ROSELLE PARK, NJ 07204







WHAT YOU DON'T KNOW CAN HURT YOU. THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY REQUIRES NOTIFICATION OF EXCAVATORS DESIGNERS, OR ANY PERSON PREPARING TO DISTURB THE EARTH'S SURFACE ANYWHERE IN THE STATE.

PROPERTY OWNER/APPLICANT: POMBAL BUILDERS, LLC 887 COLONIAL AVENUE UNION, NJ 07083

**APPROVED BY PLANNING BOARD - TOWNSHIP OF CRANFORD** 

**BOARD SECRETARY:** 

**BOARD CHAIRMAN:** 

TOWNSHIP ENGINEER:

DATE:

DATE:

TO

Min. Distance

(e) Pre-existing

Notes:

DATE:

# PRELIMINARY AND FINAL MINOR **SUBDIVISION PLAN**

# **95 JAMES AVENUE TAX LOT 15, BLOCK 404 TOWNSHIP OF CRANFORD UNION COUNTY, NEW JERSEY**



# SITE MAP SCALE: 1" = ±150'

	LUCK 404 - 33 JANES AVE	NUE - TOWNSHIP C	OF CRANFORD		
Regulation	General	Existing	Proposed	Proposed	Comment
	Requirements	Lot 15	Lot 15 01	L of 15.02	
rincipal Permitted Uses	One and Two-Family Residence District (Single-Family)	One-Family Residence	One-Family Residence	One-Family Residence	Conforming
/in. Lot Area (Interior Lot)	5,000 sf	10,000 sf	5,000 sf	5,000 sf	Conforming
/in. Lot Width (Interior Lot)	50 ft.	100.00 ft.	50.00 ft.	50.00 ft.	Conforming
/in. Front Yard*	25.25 ft.	24.35 ft. (e)	25.25 ft.	25.25 ft.	Conforming
/in. Rear Yard** ( Lot Depth = 100 ft.)	30 ft.	35.00 ft.	30 ft.	30.00 ft.	Conforming
/in. Side Yard (one) 10% Lot Width/ 7 ft. Min.	10 ft. (Exist.)/ 7 ft. (Prop.)	11.08 ft.	7.50 ft.	7.50 ft.	Conforming
/in. Side Yard (both) 30% Lot Width	30 ft. (Exist.)/ 15 ft. (Prop.)	73.09 ft.	15 ft.	15.00 ft.	Conforming
/in. Rear Yard (Accessory Structure)	3 ft.	2.06 ft. (e)	N/A	N/A	Not Applicable
/in. Side Yard (Accessory Structure)	5 ft.	4.33 ft. (e)	N/A	N/A	N ot Applicable
/ax. Floor Area Ratio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N ot Applicable
fax. Lot Impervious Coverage***	45%	35.92%	42.30%	42.08%	Conforming
fax. Lot Impervious Coverage (Pavement, Front Yard)	35%	< 35%	33.33%	33.33%	Conforming
fax. Building Coverage	30%	18.05%	29.08%	29.08%	Conforming
fax. Building Height (story/ft.) Principal Structure ****	2.5-Sty / 32 ft.	2.5-Sty /31.32 ft.	2-Sty /31.90 ft.	2 Sty /32.00 ft.	Conforming
fax. Building Height (story/ft.) Accessory Structure	1-Sty / 16 ft.	1-Sty /≤16 ft.	N/A	N/A	N ot Applicable
lax. Distance from Front ROW that Minimum Lot Area May be Measured	***** 100 ft.	100 ft.	100 ft.	100 ft.	Conforming
lin. Distance from Principal Bldg. to a Railroad or Garden State Parkwa	y 100 ft.	≥100 ft.	≥100 ft.	≥100 ft.	Conforming
lin. Distance from Principal Bldg. to 1 or 2-Family Residence Zone	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N ot Applicable
lotes:					
) Pre-existing Nonconformity N/A - Denotes Not Appli	cable				
/) Variance is Required NA - Denotes Not Avail	able				
n the R-1 through R-5 Zones, the minimum front yard setback shall be maintained, except the etback shall onvern, but in no case shall the front yard be less than the minimum nor need be	at, where a prevailing setback has been establis	hed on improved lots within 200	feet of the subject lot, the prevail	ing	
one Minimum Maximum	greater and the maximum set forth below.				
4 25 45					
2 25 45 3 through R-5 20 35					
Thirty percent of the first 100 feet of lot depth: 45% of the next 50 feet of lot depth: 65% of t	he next 50 feet of lot depth; and 90% of the bala	ance of lot depth			
* No more than 35% of the required front yard area in any residential zone shall be paved for street parking.	use as a driveway or				

PARKING ANALYSIS						
ngle-family detached and two-family	Required	Existing Lot 15	Proposed Lot 15.01	Proposed Lot 15.02	Comment	
Bedrooms	2.5 Spaces	4 Spaces	3 Spaces	3 Spaces	Conforming	
TAL (Car Parking)	2.5 Spaces	4 Spaces	3 Spaces	3 Spaces	Conforming	



			67,		
67'			100'		
23 6250 SF	:5 E	572	8250 SF	4 ដ	52l <del>a</del>
22 e250 SF	62.5.	529	6250 SF	5 3	iči <del>4</del>
7.02. •	000 SF	.05	5000 547	6 8	GIL
701∍	000 \$F	40	6	¢7	Lin
3 21 5000 s	, is		5000 SH	- 8	
20 5000 5	F .		3000 8	sr 9	• #
• <b>19</b> 5000 :	ar .		5000	s≓ 10	
, IB 2000	8F		5000	sr li	•
8 1 <b>7</b> 5000	<b>SF</b>	3	5000	sr 12	.0.
37.60' 8	7.50'	75		50'	
8 3750 \$F 31	⊪os⊧ 15	7500  4	sF	sooo s	-200
37,60'	\$7,50'	<del>7</del>	2		
B	URNS	SIDE			
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ll ĩ		2	2	3	
7500 S	F	7500	SF .	5000 S	F .
76	100'		75' ID0	50	
\$ 8 21	5000 SF	20. 20	500	0 SF 4	4 9
		200	500	00 SF	5 5

Code Regulati
§ 255-26
Design standards: s
G.
Circulation, driveways, parki
and unloading requir



ERAL NOTES:			AAK	AAK	AAK	: APR: other then
RCEL IS KNOWN AS TAX LOT 15, IN BLOCK 404 AS SHOWN ON THE TAX MAPS OF THE TOWNSHIP OF			21 LF	21 LF	21 LF	E: BY s thereof, for
ANFORD. EA OF PARCEL = $10,000$ S.E. OR 0.23 ACRES			10/07/	08/05/	07/23/	DATI nt, or portion
RCEL IS LOCATED ENTIRELY IN THE R-5 (RESIDENTIAL) DISTRICT AS SHOWN ON THE ZONING MAP OF THE WNSHIP OF CRANFORD.				JES		use of this documer
THIS DOCUMENT DOES NOT CONTAIN A RAISED IMPRESSION SEAL OF THE PROFESSIONAL, IT IS NOT AN THORIZED ORIGINAL, AND MAY HAVE BEEN ALTERED.			ENTS	CHANG	ENTS	opying or ret
S IS A SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN AND NOT A SURVEY. DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS FOR LOCATIONS OF JACENT STRUCTURES AND SURROUNDING PHYSICAL CONDITIONS. THESE ITEMS MAY BE SCHEMATIC ONLY CEPT WHERE DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN THERETO.			VIEW COMM	TUOYAL LAYOUT	VIEW COMM	REVISIONS ghts Reserved. The c
E CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE UNDERSIGNED PROFESSIONAL IMMEDIATELY IF ANY FIELD CONDITIONS COUNTERED DIFFER FROM THOSE SHOWN HEREON.			ISHIP RE	ITECTUI	NING RE	ng, Inc. All Ri
EVATIONS AND CONTOURS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE BASED ON THE SURVEY PERFORMED AND PROVIDED MARTIN A. GRANT SURVEYING, INC. OF MONROE TOWNSHIP, NJ, DATED 11/16/20, AND ARE BASED ON VD-88 DATUM.			PER TOWN	PER ARCH	PER PLAN	20, AWZ Engineeri
OPOSED BUILDING FOOTPRINT AS PER THE ARCHITECTURAL PLANS PREPARED AND PROVIDED BY ZEN CHITECTURE & ENGINEERING OF ELIZABETH, NJ, DATED 08/05/21, RECEIVED AS DIGITAL FILE.			<b>X</b>	2	Y 1	00. 020
LITY INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON HAS BEEN COLLECTED FROM VARIOUS SOURCES AND IS NOT ARANTEED AS TO ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL UTILITY ORMATION TO HIS SATISFACTION PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL RFORM TEST PITS WHERE EXISTING UTILITIES ARE TO BE CROSSED. TEST PIT INFORMATION SHALL BE 'EN TO THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION TO PERMIT ADJUSTMENTS AS MAY BE REQUIRED TO DID CONFLICTS.	DRAWN BY	DATE: 12/14/20	DEDIGNED B AK		APPROVED B AK	2E DATE: 03 DATE: 10/07/21
EXISTING UTILITIES THAT ARE TO BE RELOCATED OR ALTERED IN ANY MANNER ARE TO BE DONE IN CORDANCE WITH THE RESPECTIVE UTILITY COMPANIES STANDARDS. ALL THE EXISTING UTILITIES EXPOSED RING CONSTRUCTION ARE TO BE SUPPORTED UNTIL BACKFILL IS IN PLACE. ANY CROSSING LESS THAN ONE OT CLEAR TO BE SUPPORTED WITH A SADDLE (CONCRETE OR SAND) AS NOTED.		L., C.M.F GINEER	12/17/21	en DATE		CENSE NO. 4505 (CENSE NO. 418
SEWER LINES SHALL BE LOCATED AT LEAST 10 FEET HORIZONTALLY FROM POTABLE WATER LINES AND/OR LEAST 18 INCHES BELOW POTABLE WATER LINES AND IN SEPARATE TRENCHES.		L EN	101	Kh		P.A. LI( M.D. LI
. UTILITIES SHALL BE INSTALLED UNDERGROUND. DESIGN AND INSTALLATION OF WATER, ELECTRIC, GAS, .EPHONE AND CABLE TO BE PROVIDED BY RESPECTIVE UTILITY COMPANIES.		<b>NIIA</b> SIONA	V	#		39812 086435
TER AND GAS SERVICE MATERIALS, BURIAL DEPTH, AND COVER REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE SPECIFIED BY E LOCAL UTILITY COMPANY. CONTRACTOR'S PRICE FOR WATER SERVICE SHALL INCLUDE ALL FEES AND PURTENANCES REQUIRED BY THE UTILITY TO PROVIDE A COMPLETE WORKING SERVICE. UTILITY NNECTIONS SHALL COMPLY WITH THE COUNTY/MUNICIPAL ROAD OPENING PERMIT REQUIREMENTS.		PROFES	) J	Allen	$\mathbf{i}$	LICENSE NO.
E GRADING AND UTILITY WORK ARE TO BE PERFORMED IN A MANNER TO MINIMIZE DAMAGE TO EXISTING GETATION AND TREES. ALL AREAS NOT AFFECTED BY CONSTRUCTION ARE TO REMAIN NATURAL AND DISTURBED.		- VT			)	N.J. I N.Y. I
CATION OF PROPOSED ROOF DRAINS SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH THE PROJECT ARCHITECT PRIOR TO NSTRUCTION. ALL PROPOSED ROOF LEADERS SHALL HAVE CLEANOUTS AND SHOULD BE TIED INTO THE DRMWATER SYSTEM AS SHOWN.		INC	J 07045		lg.com	18400 1
. EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE. NO MATERIAL IS TO BE STORED ON TOWNSHIP OPERTY.		ΔŪ,	ville, N	8504 20	1/9 pineerir	GA281 377135
MPACTING IN FILL AREAS BENEATH ALL PROPOSED UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES SHOULD MEET ALL NUFACTURERS AND MUNICIPAL REQUIREMENTS AND BE EQUAL TO THE MINIMUM 95% MODIFIED PROCTOR NSITY.		ERIN S - CON	B3, Monty	iton, PA 1	fo@awzen	on No.: 24
S SET OF PLANS HAS BEEN PREPARED FOR PURPOSES OF MUNICIPAL AND AGENCY REVIEW AND PROVAL. THIS SET OF PLANS SHALL NOT BE UTILIZED AS CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS UNTIL ALL NDITIONS OF APPROVAL HAVE BEEN SATISFIED AND THE DRAWINGS MARKED "ISSUED FOR NSTRUCTION".		<b>GINE</b>	oad, Suite ]	fice: Scran	980 Fax.: 9 e-mail: in	Authorizatic
. MATERIAL, WORKMANSHIP AND CONSTRUCTION FOR SITE IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN HEREON SHALL BE RFORMED IN STRICT CONFORMANCE WITH:		E N	iver R	unia Of	1/-88C- 112.com	cate of Certific
NJDOT "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION", A CURRENTLY AMENDED. CURRENT PREVAILING MUNICIPAL AND/OR COUNTY SPECIFICATIONS, STANDARDS, AND REQUIREMENTS. CURRENT PREVAILING UTILITY COMPANY/AUTHORITY SPECIFICATIONS, STANDARDS, AND REQUIREMENTS. "RESIDENTIAL SITE IMPROVEMENT STANDARDS", N.J. ADMINISTRATIVE CODE TITLE 5, CHAPTER 21, AS CURRENTLY AMENDED. STANDARDS AND/OR CONDITIONS OF ANY OTHER GOVERNING BODIES HAVING JURISDICTION.		FUGINE F	Main Office: 150 R	Pennsylva E. 1. 223	Tel: 9/3 www.awzengineeri	New Jersey Certifi Pennsvlvania
NSTRUCTION SITE SAFETY IS THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR, WHO SHALL ALSO BE LELY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MEANS, METHODS, AND SEQUENCING OF CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS. DER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHOULD THE INFORMATION PROVIDED HERE BE INTERPRETED TO MEAN THAT Z ENGINEERING, INC. IS ASSUMING RESPONSIBILITY FOR CONSTRUCTION SITE SAFETY OR THE NTRACTOR'S ACTIVITIES; SUCH RESPONSIBILITY IS NOT BEING IMPLIED AND SHOULD NOT BE INFERRED.	404			Ĩ		
E EXISTING BUILDING, DRIVEWAY, AND OTHER STRUCTURES TO BE RAZED AND MATERIALS SHOULD BE	OCK			4		
EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE. NO MATERIAL IS TO BE STORED ON WNSHIP PROPERTY, UNLESS PRIOR APPROVAL IS OBTAINED FROM THE TOWNSHIP ENGINEER. UNDER NO COMSTANCES CAN THE CONTRACTOR PLACE EXCAVATED MATERIAL WITHIN TOWNSHIP OWNED OPERTY	BLG	UE	/ IERSF			
REQUIRED SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES MUST BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY SITE TURBANCE. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO SUPPLY ANY ADDITIONAL SOIL DSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AS REQUESTED BY THE GOVERNING SOIL CONSERVATION TRICT.		S AVEN	V. NEW			
Y SITE SOIL DISTURBANCE SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TOWNSHIP REQUIREMENTS.		ME				) 
E APPLICANT SHALL REPAIR ANY DAMAGE TO IMPROVEMENTS WITHIN THE TOWNSHIP RIGHT-OF-WAY, LUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, SIDEWALK, DRIVEWAY APRON, CURB AND ASPHALT PAVEMENT AS PER THE WNSHIP REQUIREMENTS.		95 JA				
E APPLICANT SHALL COORDINATE INSPECTIONS WITH THE TOWNSHIP ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT HOURS PRIOR TO START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION RELATED TO SITE GRADING AND DRAINAGE PROVEMENTS.	DT 15					
E CURB LOCATED ALONG JAMES AVENUE SHALL BE REPLACED IN-KIND WITH CONCRETE CURB.	XIX				Č	2
DERTY UNLESS PRIOR APPROVAL IS OBTAINED FROM SITE. NO MATERIAL IS TO BE STORED ON TOWNSHIP OPERTY UNLESS PRIOR APPROVAL IS OBTAINED FROM THE TOWNSHIP ENGINEER. UNDER NO COMSTANCES CAN THE CONTRACTOR PLACE EXCAVATED MATERIAL WITHIN THE TOWNSHIP PROPERTY. Y SOIL DISTURBANCE SHALL BE DONE AS SET FORTH BY SUBSECTION 351-1.	TAX		NITT		<b>.</b>	
E APPLICANT SHALL NOT DIRECT ANY STORMWATER TOWARDS ADJOINING PROPERTIES. THE SIE GRADING D DRAINAGE SHOULD NOT ADVERSELY AFFECT OR BURDEN THE ADJACENT PROPERTY OWNERS OR POSE A GATIVE IMPACT AS SET FORTH BY SUBSECTION 364-5E. (3).	E	SCALE	20-12 E: AS	5 SH	OW	N
		C	]-(	)	2	
		SH	EET 2	2 OI	4	

![](_page_2_Figure_0.jpeg)

UNDERGROUND STORM
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UNDERGROUND STORM SYSTEM - The underground drainage system, including all pipes, manholes, catch basins, inlets and appurtenances must be inspected for clogging and excessive debris and sediment accumulation at least annually as well as after every storm exceeding 2 inches of rainfall. Sediment removal should take place when all runoff has drained from the conveyance network and the systems are reasonably dry. Disposal of debris, trash, sediment, and other waste material should be done at suitable disposal/recycling sites and in compliance with all applicable local, state, and federal waste

All structural components must be inspected for cracking, subsidence, breaching, wearing, and deterioration at least annually. The condition of surrounding and above lying materials shall be inspected for evidence of potential failures or deterioration.

Two people will be needed to perform routine maintenance of the conveyance systems. The routine equipment to be utilized for the maintenance tasks include a jet vacuum vehicle, shovels, lighting equipment and a wheel barrel or truck for the hauling off of debris. No manufacturer's instructions or user manuals are available for maintenance of these components. Maintenance would only take place in the adjacent components of the system, i.e. the catch basins, pipes, and other units outside the seepage pit system. Water, mosquito control chemicals, and concrete repair materials may also be required depending on the

PROPERTY OWNER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR ALL STORM STRUCTURE

	LOT CO	VERAGE CALCUL	ATIONS		
	95 JAMES AVEN	IUE - TOWNSHIP	OF CRANFOR	D	
		Block 404, Lot 15			
	EVISTING LOT 15	EXISTING	EXISTING	PROPOSED	PROPOSED
	EXISTING LOT 15	LOT 15.01	LOT 15.02	LOT 15.01	LOT 15.02
	10,000.00	5,000.00	5,000.00	5,000.00	5,000.00
	1,075.56	1,075.56	0.00	0.00	0.00
	57 <mark>1.</mark> 58	57.57	514.01	0.00	0.00
	157.44	0.00	157.44	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	70.00	70.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,384.24	1,384.24
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1,804.58	1,133.13	671.45	1,454.24	1,454.24
	790.38	694.84	95.54	89.32	78.33
	101.81	101.81	0.00	55.75	55.75
	57.52	57.52	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	27.87	27.87
	4.02	4.02	0.00	29.05	29.05
	953.73	858.19	95.54	201.99	191.00
	410.81	38.22	372.59	0.00	0.00
	422.64	34.31	388.33	458.89	458.89
	6,408.24	2,936.15	3,472.09	2,884.88	2,895.87
	10,000.00	5,000.00	5,000.00	5,000.00	5,000.00
	6,408.24	2,936.15	3,472.09	2,884.88	2,895.87
	3,591.76	2,063.85	1,527.91	2,115.12	2,104.13
	35.92%	41.28%	30.56%	42.30%	42.08%
	18.05%	22.66%	13.43%	29.08%	29.08%
d)				33.33%	33.33%

PER PER PER

12/17/21 DATE

R

A. KHAN, P.E., C.M.E. essional engineer

**R**IN CONSU

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ENGIN

404

BLOCK

15

**ENGINE RS • SCIENTIS** River Road, Suite ania Office: Scra 3-588-7080 Fax::

FORD JERSE

OIN

**JOB NUMBER:** 

20-1206

SCALE: AS SHOWN

C-03

SHEET 3 OF 4

95 JAMES AVENUE VNSHIP OF CRANFO

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UTILITY

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C

Z

ADI

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HANCO	R
Аж	
12″	Z
15″	Z
18″	2
 24″	4
30″	4
* NOMINAL SIZE C = VARIABLE IN D = VARIABLE ON	VERT /FRAL

HANCO	R – NYL	OPLAST	INLET
A*	B*	2′x2′	2'x3'
12″	4″-12″	24″	NA
15″	4″-15″	24″	NA
18″	4″-18″	24″	36″
24″	4″-24″	24″	36″
30″	4″-30″	24″	36″

A*	B*	2′×2′				
12″	4″-12″	24″				
15″	4″-15″	24″				
18″	4″-18″	24″				
24″	4″-24″	24″				
30″	4″-30″	24″				
* NOMINAL SIZE C = VARIABLE INVERT HEIGHT						

L HEIGHT (10' MAXIMUM) E = 12" - 24" PIPE (6" MINIMUM)

 $E = 30^{"}$  PIPE (10" MINIMUM)

DETAILS

NYLOPLAST INLET STRUCTURE

N.T.S.

F' = ADAPTERS CAN BE MOUNTED ON ANY ANGLE 0' TO 359'

1 - 12" - 30" FRAMES, GRATES, & BASE PLATES SHALL BE DUCTILE IRON

2 - DRAIN BASIN TO BE CUSTOM MANUFACTURED ACCORDING TO PLAN

3 - ALL ROAD & HIGHWAY GRATE OPTIONS SHALL MEET H-20 LOAD RATING

PER ASTM A536 GRADE 70-50-05

![](_page_3_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_4_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_4_Figure_1.jpeg)

GRAPHIC SCALE ( IN FEEL 1 inch = 20 ft.

![](_page_4_Picture_3.jpeg)

NOTE:

ACCORDING TO USDA WEB SOIL SURVEY, THE MAP UNIT SYMBOL FOR THE ENTIRE SITE IS "BovB" (BOONTON-URBAN LAND-HALEDON COMPLEX, 0 TO 8 PERCENT SLOPES).

SOIL MANAGEMENT NOTE: ACCORDING TO STATE OF NEW JERSEY LAND USE CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM, THE SITE IS UNDER URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AREA, LAND USE CODE 1,110. THEREFORE, THE PROPOSED PROJECT DOES NOT REQUIRE COMPACTION REMEDIATION, AS PER **EXEMPTION #6 UNDER SOIL MANAGEMENT AND** PREPARATION STANDARDS FOR SOIL AND SEDIMENT CONTROL IN NEW JERSEY.

USDA WEB SOIL SURVEY MAP N.T.S.

![](_page_4_Figure_8.jpeg)

# **KEY MAP** SCALE: 1"=150'

# DUST CONTROL NOTES

THE FOLLOWING METHODS SHOULD BE CONSIDERED FOR CONTROLLING DUST: MULCHES - SEE STANDARD FOR STABILIZATION WITH MULCHES ONLY (PG. 5-1) OF STANDARDS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL IN NEW JERSEY. NOTE: ALL PAGE REFERENCES ARE FOR ABOVE DOCUMENT DATED 7/99. VEGETATIVE COVER - SEE STANDARD FOR TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE COVER (PG. 7-1), PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER FOR SOIL STABILIZATION (PG 4-1), AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION WITH SOD (PG. 6-1) SPRAY-ON ADHESIVES - ON MINERAL SOILS (NOT EFFECTIVE ON MUCK SOILS). KEEP TRAFFIC OFF THESE AREAS.

# TABLE 16-1: DUST CONTROL MATERIALS

MATERIAL	WATER DILUTION	TYPE OF NOZZLE	APPLY GALLONS/ACRE		
ANIONIC ASPHALT EMULSION	7:1	COARSE SPRAY	1200		
LATEX EMULSION	12.5:1	FINE SPRAY	235		
BASIN IN WATER	4:1	FINE SPRAY	300		
POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM)- SPRAY ON POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM)- DRY SPRAY	APPLY ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS. MAY ALSO BE USED AS AN ADDITIVE TO SEDIMENT BASINS TO FLOCCULATE AND PRECIPITATE SUSPENDED COLLOIDS.				
ACIDULATED SOY BEAN SOAP STICK	NONE	COARSE SPRAY	1200		

TILLAGE - TO ROUGHEN SURFACE AND BRING CLODS TO THE SURFACE. THIS IS A TEMPORARY EMERGENCY MEASURE WHICH SHOULD BE USED BEFORE SOIL BLOWING STARTS. BEGIN PLOWING ON WINDWARD SIDE OF SITE.

CHISEL-TYPE PLOWS SPACED ABOUT 12 INCHES APART, AND SPRING-TOOTHED HARROWS ARE EXAMPLES OF EQUIPMENT WHICH MAY PRODUCE THE DESIRED EFFECT. SPRINKLING - SITE IS SPRINKLED UNTIL THE SURFACE IS WET.

BARRIERS - SOLID BOARD FENCES, SNOW FENCES, BURLAP FENCES, CRATE WALLS, BALES OF HAY, AND SIMILAR MATERIAL CAN BE USED TO CONTROL AIR CURRENTS AND SOIL BLOWING. CALCIUM CHLORIDE - SHALL BE IN THE FORM OF LOOSE, DRY GRANULATES OF FLAKES FINE ENOUGH TO FEED THROUGH COMMONLY USED SPREADERS AT A RATE THAT WILL KEEP SURFACE MOIST BUT NOT CAUSE POLLUTION OR PLANT DAMAGE. IF USED ON STEEPER SLOPES, THEN USE OTHER PRACTICES TO PREVENT WASHING INTO STREAMS, OR ACCUMULATION AROUND PLANTS. STONE - COVER SURFACE WITH CRUSHED STONE OR COARSE GRAVEL.

# NOTES FOR ROAD WORK:

1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PREPARE A PLAN FOR THE PROPER DEWATERING OF EACH STREAM CROSSING PRIOR TO EXCAVATING THE STREAM BED. PLAN SHALL BE FORWARDED TO THE ENGINEER AND MORRIS COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT FOR APPROVAL. THE DISTRICT SHALL BE NOTIFIED FOR INSPECTION PRIOR TO EACH STREAM CROSSING CONSTRUCTION.

2. ANY AREAS USED FOR CONTRACTOR'S STAGING, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, TEMPORARY STORAGE OF STOCKPILE MATERIALS (e.g. CRUSHED STONE, QUARRY PROCESS STONE, SELECT FILL, EXCAVATED MATERIALS, ETC.) SHALL BE ENTIRELY PROTECTED BY A SILT FENCE ALONG THE LOW ELEVATION SIDE TO CONTROL SEDIMENT RUNOFF.

3. PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR NOTIFYING THE MORRIS COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OF ANY STAGING AND/OR STOCKPILE LOCATION AREAS AND FOR OBTAINING A SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL CERTIFICATION FOR THESE AREAS.

4. A CRUSHED STONE, VEHICLE WHEEL-CLEANING BLANKET SHALL BE INSTALLED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S STAGING YARD AND/OR STOCKPILE AREAS TO PREVENT OFF-SITE TRACING OF SEDIMENT BY CONSTRUCTION VEHICLE ONTO PUBLIC ROADS. BLANKET SHALL BE 15 FT. x 50 FT. x 6 IN. (MINIMUM), CRUSHED STONE 2-1/2 INCHES IN DIAMETER. SAID BLANKET SHALL BE UNDERLAIN WITH A SUITABLE SYNTHETIC SEDIMENT FILTER FABRIC AND MAINTAINED IN GOOD ORDER.

# SOMERSET-UNION COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES:

- 1. ALL SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY MAJOR SOIL DISTURBANCE, OR IN THEIR PROPER SEQUENCE AND MAINTAINED UNTIL PERMANENT PROTECTION IS ESTABLISHED.
- 2. ANY DISTURBED AREAS THAT WILL BE LEFT EXPOSED MORE THAN 30 DAYS AND NOT SUBJECT TO CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC WILL IMMEDIATELY RECEIVE A TEMPORARY SEEDING. IF THE SEASON PREVENTS THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A TEMPORARY COVER. THE DISTURBED AREAS WILL BE MULCHED WITH STRAW OR EQUIVALENT MATERIAL, AT A RATE OF TWO (2) TONS PER ACRE, ACCORDING TO STATE STANDARDS.
- PERMANENT VEGETATION SHALL BE SEEDED OR SODDED ON ALL EXPOSED AREAS WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS AFTER FINAL GRADING. MULCH WILL BE USED FOR PROTECTION UNTIL SEEDING IS ESTABLISHED.
- 4. ALL WORK SHALL BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STATE STANDARDS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL IN NEW JERSEY.
- 5. A SUB-BASE COURSE WILL BE APPLIED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING ROUGH GRADING AND INSTALLATION OF IMPROVEMENTS IN ORDER TO STABILIZE STREETS, ROADS, DRIVEWAYS AND
- PARKING AREAS. IN AREAS WHERE NO UTILITIES ARE PRESENT, THE SUB-BASE SHALL INSTALLED WITHIN 15 DAYS OF PRELIMINARY GRADING.
- 6. IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING INITIAL DISTURBANCE OR ROUGH GRADING, ALL CRITICAL AREAS SUBJECT TO EROSION (I.E. STEEP SLOPES, ROADWAY EMBANKMENTS) WILL RECEIVE A TEMPORARY SEEDING IN COMBINATION WITH STRAW MULCH OR A SUITABLE EQUIVALENT, AT A RATE OF TWO (2) TONS PER ACRE, ACCORDING TO THE STATE STANDARDS.
- 7. ANY STEEP SLOPES RECEIVING PIPELINE INSTALLATION WILL BE BACKFILLED AND STABILIZED DAILY, AS THE INSTALLATION PROCEEDS (I.E. SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1).
- 8. TRAFFIC CONTROL STANDARDS REQUIRE THE INSTALLATION OF A 50'X30'X1" PAD OF 1 1/2" OR 2" STONE, AT ALL CONSTRUCTION DRIVEWAYS, IMMEDIATELY AFTER INITIAL SITE
- DISTURBANCE.
- 9. THE SOMERSET-UNION SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT SHALL BE NOTIFIED IN WRITING 48 HOURS IN ADVANCE OF ANY LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY.
- 10. AT THE TIME WHEN THE SITE PREPARATION FOR PERMANENT VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION IS GOING TO BE ACCOMPLISHED, ANY SOIL THAT WILL NOT PROVIDE SUITABLE ENVIRONMENT TO SUPPORT ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE GROUND COVER, SHALL BE REMOVED OR TREATED IN SUCH A WAY THAT WILL PERMANENTLY ADJUST THE SOIL CONDITIONS AND RENDER IT SUITABLE FOR VEGETATIVE GROUND COVER. IF THE REMOVAL OR TREATMENT OF THE SOIL WILL NOT PROVIDE SUITABLE CONDITIONS, NON-VEGETATIVE MEANS OR PERMANENT GROUND STABILIZATION WILL HAVE TO BE EMPLOYED.
- 11. IN THAT NJSA 4:24-39 ET SEQ., REQUIRES THAT NO CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY BE ISSUED BEFORE THE PROVISIONS OF THE CERTIFIED PLAN FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH FOR PERMANENT MEASURES, ALL SITE WORK FOR SITE PLANS AND ALL WORK AROUND INDIVIDUAL LOTS IN SUBDIVISIONS, WILL HAVE TO BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO THE DISTRICT ISSUING A REPORT OF COMPLIANCE FOR THE ISSUANCE OF A CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY BY THE MUNICIPALITY.
- 12. CONDUIT OUTLET PROTECTION MUST BE INSTALLED AT ALL REQUIRED OUTFALLS PRIOR TO THE DRAINAGE SYSTEM BECOMING OPERATIONAL.
- 13. ANY CHANGES TO THE CERTIFIED SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN WILL REQUIRE THE SUBMISSION OF REVISED SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS TO THE DISTRICT FOR RE-CERTIFICATION. THE REVISED PLANS MUST MEET ALL CURRENT STATE SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL STANDARDS.
- 14. THE SOMERSET-UNION SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT SHALL BE NOTIFIED OF ANY CHANGES IN OWNERSHIP.
- 15. MULCHING IN THE STANDARDS IS REQUIRED FOR OBTAINING A CONDITIONAL REPORT OF COMPLIANCE. CONDITIONS ARE ONLY ISSUED WHEN THE SEASON PROHIBITS SEEDING.
- 16. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR KEEPING ALL ADJACENT ROADS CLEAN DURING THE LIFE OF THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT.
- 17. THE DEVELOPER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REMEDIATING ANY EROSION OR SEDIMENT PROBLEMS THAT ARISE AS A RESULT OF ONGOING CONSTRUCTION AT THE REQUEST OF THE SOMERSET-UNION SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.
- 18. HYDROSEEDING IS A TWO-STEP PROCESS. THE FIRST STEP INCLUDES SEED, FERTILIZER, LIME, ETC., ALONG WITH MINIMAL AMOUNTS OF MULCH TO PROMOTE CONSISTENCY, GOOD SEED TO SOIL CONTACT, AND GIVE A VISUAL INDICATION OF COVERAGE. UPON COMPLETION OF THE SEEDING OPERATION, HYDRO-MULCH SHOULD BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 1500 LBS. PER ACRE IN THE SECOND STEP. THE USE OF HYDRO-MULCH, AS OPPOSED TO STRAW, IS LIMITED TO OPTIMUM SEEDING DATES AS LISTED IN THE STANDARDS.

![](_page_4_Picture_45.jpeg)

![](_page_4_Figure_46.jpeg)

# THIS PLAN IS TO BE USED FOR SOIL EROSION CONTROL PURPOSES ONLY

# THIS PLAN IS TO BE USED FOR SOIL EROSION CONTROL PURPOSES ONLY

![](_page_5_Figure_1.jpeg)

0 TO 2% 50 FT 100 FT 2 TO 5% 100 FT 200 FT Entire surface stabilized with FABC base >5% course per governing authority requirements

1. ALL INDIVIDUAL LOT INGRESS/EGRESS POINTS SHALL REQUIRE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE ACCESS. 2. PLACE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AT LOCATIONS AS SHOWN ON THE SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN.

3. STENE SIZE SHALL BE ASTM C-33, SIZE NO. 2 DR 3, CRUSHED STENE.

4. THE THICKNESS OF THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 6". 5. THE WIDTH AT THE EXISTING PAVEMENT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN THE FULL WIDTH OF POINTS OF INGRESS AND FORESS

6. THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION WHICH WILL PREVENT TRACKING DR FLOWING DF SEDIMENT UNTO THE R.D.W./PAVEMENT. THIS REQUIRES PERIODIC TOP DRESSING WITH ADDITIONAL LENGTH AS CONDITIONS DEMAND AND REPAIR AND/DR CLEAN DUT DF ANY MEASURE USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT. 7. ALL SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, WASHED OR TRACKED ONTO THE PUBLIC ROADWAY MUST BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY.

8. WHERE TRACKING DF SDIL DNTD RDADWAYS IS A CONTINUAL DCCURRENCE, ALL CONTRACTORS BDTH SITE AND DWELLING CONTRACTORS, SHALL BE REQUIRED TO BROOM SWEEP THE RDADWAY AT 2 HOUR INTERVALS MINIMUM AND PRIOR TO LEAVING THE CONSTRUCTION SITE AT THE END DET DAY

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ACCESS

PROPOSED SEQUENCE OF DEVELOPMENT	
Installation of all sediment and erosion control devices (including silt fences and stabilized construction access) prior to any major soil disturbances or in their proper sequence and maintenance until permanent protection is established.	1 Week
Site demolition, clearing, clear and remove all debris as necessary. All remaining vegetation to be properly protected and to remain in its natural state.	2 Weeks
General and preliminary grading of all pavement areas and storm water management basins.	2 Week
Layout and location of all proposed utilities.	I week
Construction of all proposed improvements and drainage facilities. installation of all erosion control measures affected by said facilities such as inlet sediment barriers.	25 Weeks
Pavement subbase course to be applied immediately following preliminary grading and construction of improvements in order to stabilize pavement areas.	1 Week
Installation of all pavement base material.	1 Week
Fine grading of all lot areas and basins including construction of all soil erosion control as necessary.	1 Week
Compaction test on mitigation areas	1 Week
Stabilization of all off pavement areas.	1 Week
Uniformly apply topsoil to an average depth of 5", minimum of 4",firmed in place. Provide permanent vegetative stabilization of all exposed areas.	1 Week
Complete all landscaping and vegetative cover.	1 Week
Removal of all temporary sediment and erosion control devices.	upon completion

STANDARD FOR TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE COVER FOR SOIL STABILIZATION

**DEFINITION** Establishment of temporary vegetative cover on soils exposed for periods of two to six months which are not being graded, not under active construction or not scheduled for permanent seeding within

<u>PURPOSE</u> To temporarily stabilize the soil and reduce damage from wind and water erosion until permanent stabilization is accomplished. WATER QUALITY ENHANCEMENT

Provides temporary protection against the impacts of wind and rain, slows the over land movement of stormwater runoff, increases infiltration and retains soil and nutrients on site, protecting streams or other stormwater conveyances.

WHERE APPLICABLE On exposed soils that have the potential for causing off-site environmental damage.

# SITE PREPARATION

A. Grade as needed and feasible to permit the use of conventional equipment for seedbed preparation, seeding, mulch application, and mulch anchoring. All grading should be done in accordance with Standards for Land Grading, page 19-1.

METHODS AND MATERIALS

B. Install needed erosion control practices or facilities such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, channel stabilization measures, sediment basins, and waterways. See Standards 11 through 42.

C. Immediately prior to seeding and topsoil application, the surface should be scarified 6" to 12" where there has been soil compaction. This practice is permissible only where there is no danger to underground utilities (cables, irrigation systems, etc.)

# SEEDBED PREPARATION

A. Apply limestone and fertilizer according to soil test recommendations such as offered by Rutgers Co-operative Extension.Soil sample mailers are available from the local Rutgers Cooperative Extension offices. Fertilizer shall be applied at the rate of 500 pounds per acre of 11 lbs. per 1000 square feet of 10-20-10 or equivalent with 50% water insoluble nitrogen unless a soil test indicates otherwise.Calcium carbonate is the equivalent and standard for measuring the ability of liming materials to neutralize soil acidity and supply calcium magnesium to grasses and legumes.

B. Work lime and fertilizer into the soil as nearly as practical to a depth of 4 inches with a disc. springtooth harrow, or other suitable equipment. The final harrowing or discing operation should be the general contour. Continue tillage until a reasonable uniform seedbed is prepared. ). Inspect seedbed just before seeding. If traffic has left the soil compacted, the area must be retille n accordance with the above

D. Soils high in sulfides or having a pH of 4 or less refer to Standard for Management of High Acid Producing Soils, pq. 1—1. SEEDING

A. Select seed from recommendations in Table 7–2. <u>TABLE 7-2</u>

TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE	STABILIZA	TION GRASS	SES, SEEDIN	NG RATES,	DATES AND	DEPTH.
	SEEDINO (pou	GRATE <sup>1</sup> Inds)	OPTIMU Based on	M SEEDING Plant Hardine	DATE <sup>2</sup> ess Zone <sup>3</sup>	OP TIMU SEEDIN
SEED SELECTIONS	Per Acre	Per 1000 Sq. Ft.	ZONE 5b,6s	ZONE 6b	ZONE 7a,b	DEPTH (inches
OLD SEASON GRASSES						
. Perennial ryegrass	100	1.0	3/15-6/1 8/1-9/15	3/1-5/15 8/15-10/1	2/15-5/1 8/15-10/15	0.5
. Spring oats	86	2.0	3/15-6/1 8/1-9/15	3/1-5/15 8/15-10/1	2/15-5/1 8/15-10/15	1.0
5. Winter Barley	96	2.2	8/1-9/15	8/15-10/1	8/15-10/15	1.0
. Annual ryegrass	110	1.0	3/15-6/1 8/1-9/15	3/15-6/1 8/1-9/15	2/15-5/1 8/15-10/15	0.5
i. Winter Cereal Rye	112	2.8	8/1–11/1	8/1-11/15	8/1-12/15	1.0
	WA	RM SEASON	N GRASSES			
i. Pearl Millet	20	0.5	6/1-8/1	5/15-8/15	5/1-9/1	1.0
. Millet						

(German or Hungarian) 30 0.7 6/1-8/1 5/15-8/15 5/1-9/1 0.25 . Seeding rate for warm season grass, selections 5-7 shall be adjusted to reflect the amount of Pure Line Seed (PLS) as determined by a germination test result. No adjustment is required for cool season grasses. 2. May be planted throughout summer if soil moisture is adequate or seeded area can be irrigated.

3. Plant Hardiness Zone (see figure 7-1, pg. 7-4.) 4. Twice the depth for sandy soils.

B. Conventional Seeding. Apply seed uniformly by hand, cyclone (centrifugal) seeder, drop seeder, drill <u>or</u> cultipacker seeder. Except for drilled, hydroseeded or cultipacked seedings, seed shall be incorporated into the soil, to a depth of 1/4 to 1/2 inch, by raking or dragging. Depth of seed placement may be 1/4 inch deeper on coarse textured soil.

C. Hydroseeding is a broadcast seeding method usually involving a truck or trailer mounted tank, with an agitation system and hydraulic pump for mixing seed, water and fertilizer and spraying the mix onto the prepared seedbed. Mulch shall not be included in the tank with seed. Short fibered mulch may be applied with a hydroseeder following seeding. (also see Section IV Mulching) Hydroseeding is not a preferred seeding method because seed and fertilizer are applied to the surface and not incorporated into the soil. Poor seed to soil contact occurs reducing seed germination and growth. Hydroseeding may be used for areas too steep for conventional equipment to traverse or too obstructed with rocks, stumps, etc.

D. After seeding, firming the soil with a corrugated roller will assure good seed-to-soil contact, restore capillarity, and improved seedling emergence. This is the preferred method. When performed on the contour, sheet erosion will be minimized and water conservation on site will be maximized. MULCHING

Mulching is required on all seeding. Mulch will insure against erosion before grass is established and will promote faster and earlier establishment. The existence of vegetation sufficient to control soil erosion shall be deemed compliance with this mulching requirement.

Straw or Hav. Unrotted small arain straw, hay free of seeds, or salt hay to be applied at the rate of 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 pounds per 1,000 square feet), except that where a crimper is used instead of a liquid mulch-binder (tackifying or adhesive agent), the rate of application is 3 tons per acre. Mulch chopper-blowers must not grind the mulch. Hay mulch is not recommended for establishing fine turf or lawns due to the presence of weed seed

Application. Spread mulch uniformly by hand or mechanically so that approximately 85% of the soil surface will be covered. For uniform distribution of hand—spread mulch, divide area into approximately 1,000 square feet sections and distribute 70 to 90 pounds within each section.

Anchoring shall be accomplished immediately after placement to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods, depending upon the size of the area, steepness of slopes, and costs.

Peg and Twine. Drive 8 to 10 inch wooden pegs to within 2 to 3 inches of the soil surface every 4 feet in all directions. Stakes may be driven before or after applying mulch. Secure mulch to soil surface by stretching twine between pegs in a criss-cross and a square pattern. Secure twine around each peg with two or more round turns.

Mulch Nettings. Staple paper, jute, cotton, or plastic nettings to the soil surface. Use a degradable netting in areas to be mowed. Crimper (mulch anchorina coulter tool). A tractor-drawn implement, somewhat like a disc-harrow,

especially designed to push or cut some of the broadcast long fiber mulch 3 to 4 inches into the soil so as to anchor it and leave part standing upright. This technique is limited to areas traversable by a tractor, which must operate on the contour of slopes. Straw mulch rate must be 3 tons per acre. No tackifying or adhesive agent is required. Liquid Mulch-Binders. May be used to anchor salt hay, hay or straw mulch.

a. Applications should be heavier at edges where wind may catch the mulch, in valleys, and at crests of banks. The remainder of the area should be uniform in appearance.

Use one of the following

(1) Organic and Vegetable Based Binders — Naturally occuring, powder based, hydrophilic materials when with water formulates a gel and when applied to mulch under satisfactory curing conditions will form membraned networks of insoluble polymers. The vegetable gel shall be physiologically harmless and not result in a phytotoxic effect or impede growth of turf—grass. Use at rates and weather conditions as recommended by the manufacturer to anchor mulch materials. Many new products are available, some of which may need further evaluation for use in this state.

(2) Synthetic Binders - High polymer synthetic emulsion, miscible with water when diluted and following application to mulch, drying and curing shall no longer be soluble or dispersible in water. It shall be applied at rates recommended by the manufacturer and remain tacky until germination of grass. Note: All names given above are registered trade names. This does not constitute a recommendation of these products to the exclusion of other products.

Wood—fiber or paper—fiber mulch. Shall be made from wood, plant fibers or paper containing no growth or germination inhibiting materials, used at the rate of 1,500 pounds per acre (or as recommended by the product manufacturer) and may be applied by a hydroseeder. This mulch shall not be mixed in the tank with seed. Use is limited to flatter slopes and during optimum seeding periods in spring and fall. Pelletized mulch. Compressed and extruded paper and/or wood fiber product, which may contain

co-polymers, tackifiers, fertilizers and coloring agents. The dry pellets, when applied to a seeded area area and watered, form a mulch mat. Pelletized mulch shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturers recommendations. Mulch may be applied by hand or mechanical spreader at the rate of 50-75 lbs./1,000 square feet and activated with 0.2 to 0.4 inches of water. This material has been ound to be beneficial for use on small lawn or renovation areas, seeded areas where weed—seed free mulch is desired or on sites where straw mulch and tackifier agent are not practical or desirable. Applying the full 0.2 to 0.4 inches of water after spreading pelletized mulch on the seed bed is extremely important for sufficient activation and expansion of the mulch to provide soil coverage.

#### STANDARD FOR PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER FOR SOIL STABILIZATION

DEFINITION Establishment of permanent vegetative cover on exposed soils where perennial vegetation is needed for

long term protection. PURPOSE To permanently stabilize the soil, assuring conservation of soil and water, and to enhance the environment.

WATER QUALITY ENHANCEMENT Slows the over land movement of stormwater runoff, increases infiltration and retains soil and nutrients on site, protecting streams or other stormwater conveyances.

WHERE APPLICABLE On exposed soils that have the potential for causing off-site environmental damage.

SITE PREPARATION

A. Grade as needed and feasible to permit the use of conventional equipment for seedbed preparation, seeding, mulch application, and mulch anchoring. All grading should be done in accordance with Standards for Land Grading.

B. Immediately prior to seeding and topsoil application, the surface should be scarified 6" to 12" where there has been soil compaction. This practice is permissible only where there is no danger to underground utilities (cables, irrigation systems, etc.)

C. Topsoil should be handled only when it is dry enough to work without damaging the soil structure. A uniform application to a depth of 5 inches (unsettled) is required on all sites. Topsoil shall be amended with organic matter, as needed, in accordance with the STANDARD FOR TOPSOILING.

D. Install needed erosion control practices or facilities such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, channel stabilization measures, sediment basins, and waterways. See Standards 11 through 42.

## SEEDBED PREPARATION

A. Uniformly apply ground limestone and fertilizer to topsoil which has been spread and firmed, according to soil test recommendations such as offered by Rutgers Co-operative Extension. Soil sample mailers are available from the local Rutgers Cooperative Extension offices. Fertilizer shall be applied at the rate of 500 pounds per acre of 11 lbs. per 1000 square feet of 10-10-10 or equivalent with 50% water insoluble nitrogen unless a soil test indicates otherwise and incorporated into the surface 4 inches. If fertilizer is not incorporated, apply one-half he rate described above during seedbed preparation and repeat another one-half rate application of the same fertilizer within 3 to 5 weeks after seeding.

4. See Appendix E for description of turf grasses and cultivars

B. Work lime and fertilizer into the soil as nearly as practical to a depth of 4 inches with a disc, springtooth harrow, or other suitable equipment. The final harrowing or discing operation should be the general contour. Continue tillage until a reasonable uniform seedbed is prepared. C. High acid producing soil. Soils having a pH of 4 or less or containing iron sulfide shall be covered

# with a minimum of 12 inches of soil having a pH of 5 or more before initiating seedbed reparation. See Standard for Management of High Acid—Producing Soils for specific requirements. SEEDING

A. Select a mixture from Table 4-3 or use mixture recommended by Rutgers Cooperative Extension or Natural Resources Conservation Service which is approved by the Soil Conservation District. Seed germaination shall have been tested within 12 months of the planting date. No seed shall be accepted with a germination test date more than 12 months old unless retested.

(1) Seeding rates specified are required whan a report of compliance is requested prior to actual establishment of permanent vegetation. Up to 50% reduction in rates may be used when permanent vegetation is established prior to a report of compliance inspection. These rates apply to all methods of seeding. Establishing permanent vegetation means 80% vegetative coverage with the specified seed mixture for the seeded area and mowed once.

(2) Warm season mixtures are grasses and legumes which maximize growth at high temperatures, generally 85F and above. See Table 4-3, mixtures 1 to 7. Planting rates for warm season grasses shall be the amount of Pure Live Seed (PLS) as determined by germination testing results. (3) Cool Season Mixtures are grasses and legumes which maximize growth at temperatures below 85°F. Many grasses become active at 65°F. See Table 3, mixtures 8—20. Adjustment of planting rates to compensate for the amount of Pure Live Seed is not required for cool season grasses

B. Conventional Seeding is performed by applying seed uniformly by hand, cyclone (centrifugal) seeder, drop seeder, drill or cultipacker seeder. Except for drilled, hydroseeded or cultipacked seedings, seed shall be incorporated into the soil within 24 hours of seedbed preparation to a depth of 1/4 to 1/2inch, by raking or dragging. Depth of seed placement may be 1/4 inch deeper on coarse textured soil C. After seeding, firming the soil with a corrugated roller will assure good seed-to soil contact restore capillarity, and improve seeding emergence. this is preferred method. When performed on the contour, sheet erosion will be minimize and water conservation on site will be maximized.

D. <u>Hydroseeding</u> is a broadcast seeding method usually involving a truck or trailer mounted tank, with an agitation system and hydraulic pump for mixing seed, water and fertilizer and spraying the mix onto the prepared seedbed. Mulch shall not be included in the tank with seed. Short fibered mulch may be applied with a hydroseeder following seeding. (also see Section IV Mulching) Hydroseeding is not a preferred seeding method because seed and fertilizer are applied to the surface and not incorporated into the soil. Poor seed to soil contact occurs reducing seed germination and growth. Hydroseeding may be used for areas too steep for conventional equipment to traverse or too obstructed with rocks, stumps, etc.

# MULCHING

Mulching is required on all seeding. Mulch will insure against erosion before grass is established and will promote faster and earlier establishment. The existence of vegetation sufficient to control soil erosion shall be deemed compliance with this mulching requirement.

Straw or Hay. Unrotted small grain straw, hay free of seeds, or salt hay to be applied at the rate of I-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 pounds per 1,000 square feet), except that where a crimper is used instead of a liquid mulch-binder (tackifying or adhesive agent), the rate of application is 3 tons per acre. Mulch chopper—blowers must <u>not</u> grind the mulch. Hay mulch is not recommended for establishing fine turf or lawns due to the presence of weed seed.

Application. Spread mulch uniformly by hand or mechanically so that approximately 85% of the soil surface will be covered. For uniform distribution of hand-spread mulch, divide area into approximately 1,000 square feet sections and distribute 70 to 90 pounds within each section Anchoring shall be accomplished immediately after placement to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods, depending upon the size of the area, steepness of

slopes, and costs. Peg and Twine. Drive 8 to 10 inch wooden pegs to within 2 to 3 inches of the soil surface every 4 feet in all directions. Stakes may be driven before or after applying mulch. Secure mulch to soil surface by stretching twine between pegs in a criss-cross and a square pattern. Secure twine around

each peg with two or more round turns. Mulch Nettings. Staple paper, jute, cotton, or plastic nettings to the soil surface. Use a degradable netting in areas to be mowed.

Crimper (mulch anchoring coulter tool). A tractor-drawn implement, somewhat like a disc-harrow, especially designed to push or cut some of the broadcast long fiber mulch 3 to 4 inches into the soil so as to anchor it and leave part standing upright. This technique is limited to areas traversable by a tractor, which must operate on the contour of slopes. Straw mulch rate must be 3 tons per acre. No tackifying or adhesive agent is required.

Liquid Mulch-Binders. May be used to anchor salt hay, hay or straw mulch. a. Applications should be heavier at edges where wind may catch the mulch, in valleys, and at crests

of banks. The remainder of the area should be uniform in appearance. b. Use one of the following:

(1) Organic and Vegetable Based Binders - Naturally occuring, powder based, hydrophilic materials when with water formulates a gel and when applied to mulch under satisfactory curing conditions will form membraned networks of insoluble polymers. The vegetable gel shall be physiologically harmless and not result in a phytotoxic effect or impede growth of turf-grass. Use at rates and weather conditions as recommended by the manufacturer to anchor mulch materials. Many new products are available, some of which may need further evaluation for use in this state.

(2) Synthetic Binders - High polymer synthetic emulsion, miscible with water when diluted and following applied at rates recommended by the manufacturer and remain tacky until germination of grass.

Note: All names given above are registered trade names. This does not constitute a recommendation of these products to the exclusion of other products.

#### Wood-fiber or paper-fiber mulch. Shall be made from wood, plant fibers or paper containing no growth or germination inhibiting materials, used at the rate of 1,500 pounds per acre (or as recommended by the product manufacturer) and may be applied by a hydroseeder. This mulch shall not be mixed in the tank with seed. Use is limited to flatter slopes and during optimum seeding periods in spring and fall.

Pelletized mulch. Compressed and extruded paper and/or wood fiber product, which may contain co-polymers, tackifiers, fertilizers and coloring agents. The dry pellets, when applied to a seeded area area and watered, form a mulch mat. Pelletized mulch shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturers recommendations. Mulch may be applied by hand or mechanical spreader at the rate of 60-75 lbs./1,000 square feet and activated with 0.2 to 0.4 inches of water. This material has been found to be beneficial for use on small lawn or renovation areas, seeded areas where weed-seed free mulch is desired or on sites where straw mulch and tackifier agent are not practical or desirable. Applying the full 0.2 to 0.4 inches of water after spreading pelletized mulch on the seed bed is extremely important for sufficient activation and expansion of the mulch to provide soil coverage.

# IRRIGATION (where feasible)

If soil moisture is deficient, and mulch is not used, supply new seedings with adequate water (a minimum of 1/4 inch twice a day until vegetation is well established). This is especially true when seedings are made in abnormally dry or hot weather or on droughty sites. TOPDRESSING

Since soil organic matter content and slow fertilizer (water insoluble) are prescribed in Section 2A. Seedbed Preparation in this Standard, no follow-up of topdressing is mandatory. An exception may be made where gross nitrogen deficiency exists to the extent that turf failure may develop. In that instance, topdress with 10-10-10 or equivalent at 300 pounds per acre or 7 pounds per 1,000 square feet every 3 to 5 weeks until the gross until the gross nitrogen deficiency in the turf is ameliorated

### ESTABLISHING PERMANENT VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION

The quality of permanent vegetation rests with the contractor. The timing of seeding, preparing the the seedbed, applying nutrients, mulch and other management are essential. The seed application rates in Table 4—3 are required when a <u>Report of Compliance</u> is requested prior to actual establishment of permanent vegetation. Up to 50% reduction in application rates may be used when permanent vegetation is established prior to requesting a <u>Report of Compliance</u> from the district. These rates apply to all methods of seeding. Establishing permanent vegetation means 80% vegetative cover (of the seeded species) and mowed once. Note this designation of mowed once does not guarantee the permanency of the turf should other maintenance factors be neglected or otherwise mismanaged.

PERMANEN	<u>TABLE</u> IT STABILIZATION MI	<u>4–2</u> XTURES FOR VARIOUS (	JSES					
Application	PLANTING MIXTURES BY (see Table 4-3)							
Application	Excessively Drained	Well to Moderately Well <u>Drained</u>	Somewhat Poorly to Poorly <u>Drained</u>					
Residential/commercial lots	10, 12, 15	6, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15	16					
Pond and channel banks, dikes, berms, and dams	2, 5, 6, 10	5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 15	2, 8, 16, 17					
Drainage ditches, swales, detention basins	2, 9, 11	2, 7, 9, 11, 12, 17	2, 9, 16, 17					
Filter Strips	12	11, 12	11, 12					
Grasses waterway, spillways	2, 3, 9, 10, 12	6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12	2, 9, 11, 12					
Recreation areas, athletic fields	5, 12, 15, 18	12, 13, 14, 15, 18	16					
<u>Special Problem Sites</u> Steep slope and banks, roadsides, borrow areas	2, 3, 6, 8	2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15 18	2, 9, 10, 11, 12					
Sand and gravel pits, Sanitary landfills	1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 21	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 15, 20	2, 8					
Dredged material, spoilbanks, borrow areas	2, 3, 6, 20	2, 3, 6, 11	2, 8					
Streambanks & shorelines²	2, 8, 20, 21a	2, 8, 19b, 20, 21a, 21b	2, 8, 19a, 21a,b,c,d					
Utility rights—of—way	3, 7, 180	3, 7	8, 9, 17					

Refer to Soil Bioengineering Standard for additional seed mixtures. 5. Spillways only

SEED MIXTURE <sup>2</sup>	PLANTING	PLANTING DATES O = Optimal Planting period A = Acceptable Planting period PLANT HARDINESS ZONES (see Figure 4–1) Zone 5b, 6a Zone 6b Zone 7a, 7l						1) , 7b	AAINTENANCE	REMARKS			
WARM SEASON SEED MIXTURES	lbs./ acre	IDS.7 1000 <u>sq. ft.</u>	3/15– 5/31	6/1– 7/31	8/1- 10/1	3/1– 4/30	5/1– 8/14	8/15– 10/15	2/1– 4/30	5/1– 8/14	8/15– 11/30	~ _ 	
1 A. FOR PINELANUS NATIONAL RESERVE SEED MIXTURES SEE TABLE 4.4 PG 4.17 OF THE STANDARDS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL IN NEW JERSEY.			0			0			0				
1. SWITCHGRASS AND /OR COASTAL PANICGRASS PLUS OR FLATPEA.	15 15 20	.35 .45 .45	0			0			0			C-D	
DEERTONGUE OR WITCHGRASS REDTOP	15 20 1	.35 .45 .1	0			0			0			C-D	USE DEERTONGUE IF PH <4.0.SWITCHGRASS IS SUPERIOR WILDLIFE PLAN USE FOR WATERWAYS. REDTOP PROVIDES QUICK
3. SWITCH GRASS DEERTONGUE LITTLE 3LUESTEM SHEEP "ESCUE PLUS PARTRIDGE PEA	15 10 20 20 10	.35 .25 .45 .45 .25	0			0			0			C-D	COVER. PINELANDS MIXTURE
4. SWITCHGRASS BIG BLUESTEM LITTLE BLUESTEM SAND LOVEGRASS COASTAL PANICGRASS	10 5 5 4 10	.25 .10 .10 .10 .25	0			0			0			C-D	NATIVE WARM-SEASON MIXTURE.
BERMUDAS ZOYSIAGRASS (SEED) ZOYSIAGRASS (SPRIGS)	15 30	.35 .70	0			0			0			A-D	BERMUDAGRASS HAS SUPERIOR SALT TOLERANCE. ZOYSIA HA GREATER WEAR TOLERANCE.
COOL SEASON SEED MIXTURES : FINE FESCUE (BLEND) HARD FESCUE CHEWINGS FESCUE STRONG CREEPING RED FESCUE KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS PERENNIAL RYEGRASS PLUS WHITE CLOVER	45 10 5	.10 .50 .10	Α	<b>A</b> <sup>5</sup>	0	Α	<b>A</b>	0	Α	<b>A</b>	0	B–D	GENERAL LOW MAINTENANCE MIXTURE WHITE CLOVER CAN BE REMOVED WHEN USED T ESTABLISH LAWNS.
STRONG CREEPING RED FESCUE KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS PERENNIAL RYEGRASS OR REDTOP PLUS WHITE CLOVER	130 50 20 10 5	3 1 .5 .25 .10	Α	5 <b>A</b>	0	A	<b>A</b> <sup>5</sup>	0	Α	<b>A</b>	0	B-D	SUITABLE WATERWAY MI CANADA BLUEGRASS MORE DROUGHT TOLERANT. USE REDTOP FOR INCREASES DROUGHT TOLERANCE.
). TALL FESCUE TURFT-TYPE) OR STRONG CREEPING RED "ESCUE OR PERENNIAL RYEGRASS "LATPEA	30 30 30 25	.70 .70 .70 .60	0	A		0	A		0	Å		B-D	TALL FESCUE BEST SELECTED FOR DROUGHT CONDITIONS. USE CREEPING RED FESCUE IN HEAVY SHADE USE FLATPEA TO SUPRES WOODY VEGETATION.
9. DEERTONGE REDTOP WILD RYE (ELYMUS) SWITCHGRASS	20 2 15 25	.45 .05 .35 .60	0			0			0			C-D	NATIVE WET MIX.
10. TALL FESCUE (TURF-TYPE) PERENNIAL RYEGRASS OR WHITE CLOVER	265 20 5	6 5 .10	0	<b>A</b> <sup>5</sup>	<b>A</b> <sup>5</sup>	0	<b>A</b> <sup>5</sup>	<b>A</b> <sup>5</sup>	0	<b>Å</b>	<b>Å</b>	B-D	WHITE CLOVER CAN BE EXCLUDED ON LAWN SITES
11. KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS TURF-TYPE TALL FESCUE	45 22	1 5	Α	<b>A</b> <sup>5</sup>	ο	Α	<b>A</b> <sup>5</sup>	0	A	<b>A</b> <sup>5</sup>	0	C-D	FILTER STRIP USE FOR NUTRIENT UPTAKE.
12. TURF- TYPE (BLEND OF 3 CULTIVARS)	350	8	Α	<b>A</b> <sup>5</sup>	0	Α	<b>A</b> <sup>5</sup>	0	Α	<b>A</b> <sup>5</sup>	0	C-D	USE IN A MANAGED FILTER STRIP FOR NUTRIENT UPTAKE.
13. HARD FESCUE AND/OK CHEWING FESCUE AND/OR STRONG CREEPING RED FESCUE PRENNIAL RYEGRASS KY. BLUEGRASS (BLEND)	175 45 45	4 1 1	Α	Å	0	Α	<b>A</b> <sup>5</sup>	0	Α	<b>A</b> <sup>5</sup>	0	A-C	GENERAL LAWN RECREATION.
14. TALL FESCUE KY. BLUEGRASS (BLEND) PERENNIAL RYEGRASS	265 20 20	6 .50 .50 3	A	<b>A</b> <sup>5</sup>	0	Α	Å	0	Α	<b>A</b> <sup>5</sup>	0	А=в	ATHLETIC FIELD/3 CULTIVAR MIX OF KY. BLUEGRASS
CHEWINGS FESCUE STRONG CREEPING RED FESCUE PERENNIAL RYEGRASS	45 45 10	1 1 .25	A	<b>A</b>	0	A	A	0	A	Aĭ	0	C-D	LOW MAINTENANCE FINE FESCUE LAWN MIX.
STRONG CREEPING RED FESCUE	90 130	2.0	A	Ă	0	A	Å	0	A	<b>A</b> <sup>5</sup>	0	С-и	MOIST SHADE
II. OREEL ING BENTGRASS CREEPING RED FESCUE ALKALI SALTGRASS	45 45 45	1   1   1	A	<b>A</b>	0	Α	<b>A</b>	0	Α	<b>A</b> <sup>5</sup>	ο	B-D	USE BENTGRASS UNDER WETTER CONDITIONS. SALTGRASS WILL ONLY PERSISTENT UNDER SALINE CONDITIONS.
18. HARD OR SHEEPS FESCUE N.E. WILDFLOWER MIXTURE	25 12	.60 .35	0	Α	0	0	A	0	0	A	0	C-D	REGIONAL WILDFLOWER MIX HYDROSEEDING NOR RECOMMENDED.
19. A. SMOOTH CORDGRASS B. SALTMEADOWN CORDGRASS	veg veg					0	Before 7/1		0	Before 7/1		D	PLANTED IN THE INTERTIDAL ZONE. PLANTED ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL.
20. AMERICAN BEACHGRASS COASTAL PANICGRASS	veg 20	.45				Before 4/1			0			D	COASTAL PANICGRASS MAY BE INTERSEEDED BETWEEN ROWS OF BEACHGRASS
21. A. PURPLEOSIER WILLOW B. DWARF WILLOW C. REDOSIER DOGWOOD D. SILKY DOGWOOD	veg veg veg veg		Before 5/10			Before 5/10			Before 5/1			D	ALSO REFER TO CHAPTERS 16 & 18 USDA NRCS ENGINEERING FIELD HANDBOOK
trotes: ee Appendix B for descrip ll be adjusted to reflect sses (seed mixtures 8-2/ beeding mixtures and/or i vice; recommendations of spedeza) should be mixec	ptions o the amo 0). rates no f Rutger J with p	f turf g ount of ot listed rs Coope roper in	ass mixi Pure Live above rr rative Ex noculant	tures ar e Seed nay be xtension prior to	nd cultiv (PLS) as used if r may be o plantin	ars. The determ recomme used if is reque	actual ined by anded by f approve	amount germina / the loc ed by th	of warm Ition tes Sal Soil ( Ne Soil C	n season ting resu Conserva Conserva tablishmu	grass r ults. No ution Dis <sup>.</sup> tion Dist	nixture us adjustme trict, Natu rict. Legu	sed in Table 3 (seed mix 1 nt is required for cool sea ural Resources Conservation mes (white clover, flatpea, venetation. Up to 50% rec

![](_page_5_Figure_89.jpeg)

![](_page_6_Figure_0.jpeg)

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